

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU
July 5, 1917—Last twenty-
four hours' rainfall, .00.
Temperature, Min. 75; Max.
82. Weather, part cloudy.

Hawaiian Gazette

LATEST CABLED SUGAR QUOTATIONS
Cents Dollars
No. 12 Centrifugals N. Y. per lb. per ton
Price, Hawaiian basis 6.20 \$124.00
Last previous quote 6.27 \$125.40

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, JULY 6, 1917.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NUMBER 4649

HUNS ADMIT REVERSES BY RUSSIANS IN DAY'S REPORT

Communique Says Attacks Are Continued To Beat Slav Infantry Back Into Trenches and the Allied Gains Are General

ACTIVITY RESUMES ON FRONT IN RUMANIA

Russian Accounts Intimate That They Are Holding All of Their Recent Gains, While Reports From West Tell of Hun Defeats

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

NEW YORK, July 6—Defeated in their efforts to win ground in the Verdun sector, and beaten by the Russians in the Galician and Volhynian fronts, the Germans yesterday admitted officially that the Rumanian front is stirring into fresh activity and that their counter offensive in Galicia was but a partial success.

Berlin late last night issued a communique announcing that the Germans are continuing their attempts to beat back to their trenches the Slav infantry, which has been assaulting the Teutonic lines in the East.

The Russian accounts of the fighting intimate that the Slavs are holding all their gains and consolidating them rapidly, while the German attacks suffered heavily from the effect of the Russian machine gun and artillery fire.

The news from Rumania indicates that the Rumanians, reorganized and re-equipped, and with a trustworthy Russian force behind them, are preparing to attack the Bulgarians holding the extreme right of von Mackensen's armies in the Balkans. Indications are that the Rumanians are fully ready to resume the fighting that terminated when their beaten armies fell back behind the rampart of the Danube River.

In the western theater of the war the struggle continued between the German gunners on the Verdun front and the French. Here, although the Crown Prince has been vainly hammering away for several days, he had been able only to wrest a few minor positions from the men under Petain, who are again making good General Castelnau's famous phrase "They shall not pass." The Germans again have suffered tremendous losses in their stubborn attempts in the course of which they hurled large masses of men across the intervening ground, only to have them mowed down by the machine guns and seventy-fives of the defenders of the line.

Field Marshal Haig's men are also advancing steadily. Yesterday they reported the gain of six hundred yards of trenches along the famous Ypres canal. Southwest of the town of Houthek, the Germans also lost ground despite frantic effort on the part of their commanders to hold firm.

Some idea of the changed situation in Europe was illustrated last night by General Maurice of the British general staff, who announced that since April 1915, the British have not lost a single cannon, and had taken 739 guns of large calibre since the outbreak of the war. In that time they had lost 135 guns and had recaptured thirty-seven.

PETROGRAD, July 6—It was officially announced last night that the Russians in Mesopotamia are again cooperating with the British forces under General Maude, and have taken the offensive in the Persian district. It was also announced that aeroplane attacks on the aerodrome in Riga have been repulsed by the Slav "archies" or anti-aircraft guns.

Plans For Drawing Men For Army Are Near Completion

Announcement of Date Is Expected To Be Made This Week and Pains Taken That Premature Publicity Be Not Given

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 6—Secretary of War Baker and Judge Advocate General Crowder are busily engaged in working out the next steps for carrying into effect the selective draft under the registration of June 5 and are reported to have arrangements nearly completed.

While as yet no date has been announced for the drawing it is understood that the drawing will be held in Washington and that the time is to be announced within the next few days and probably in the present week.

Great care is being exercised by all officials to prevent the publishing of any details of the draft prematurely, but it can safely be announced that the drawing will be done by numbers only and that no names will be used.

Reports on the registration were sent in by all of the States and a veritable army of employees has been engaged in classifying and arranging names and numbers according to states, counties, cities and towns. This work is now making rapid headway. It is planned to have the drafting go off with a smoothness and rapidity such as was obtained so generally in the work of registration.

It is understood that after the drawing is held there will be a delay of a few days before any names are published so that the men selected may be notified and have time for preparation before the lists are published in their communities.

WIDELY FLUNG SPY PLOT UNEARTHED

Department of Justice Discloses Hun's System Covering the United States

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 6—A Hun spy plot with ramifications extending all over the country has been unearthed by the agents of the department of justice, according to official announcements made yesterday afternoon in this city.

It has been known for some time that the secret service men have been at work trailing the men and women suspected of being agents of the Kaiser, and that the work has covered practically every large city and many of the smaller cities of the country, but nothing like the dimensions of the conspiracy nor the multitudinous ramifications of the system had been suspected.

The announcement of the activities of the department was accompanied by the statement that "if the spy activities of the enemy in this country should be published, the account would startle the world, with their completeness."

The announcement continues with the assertion that the government had at work trailing the spies and hopes soon to break down the system.

TEN THOUSAND AIR PILOTS PRESENT NEED

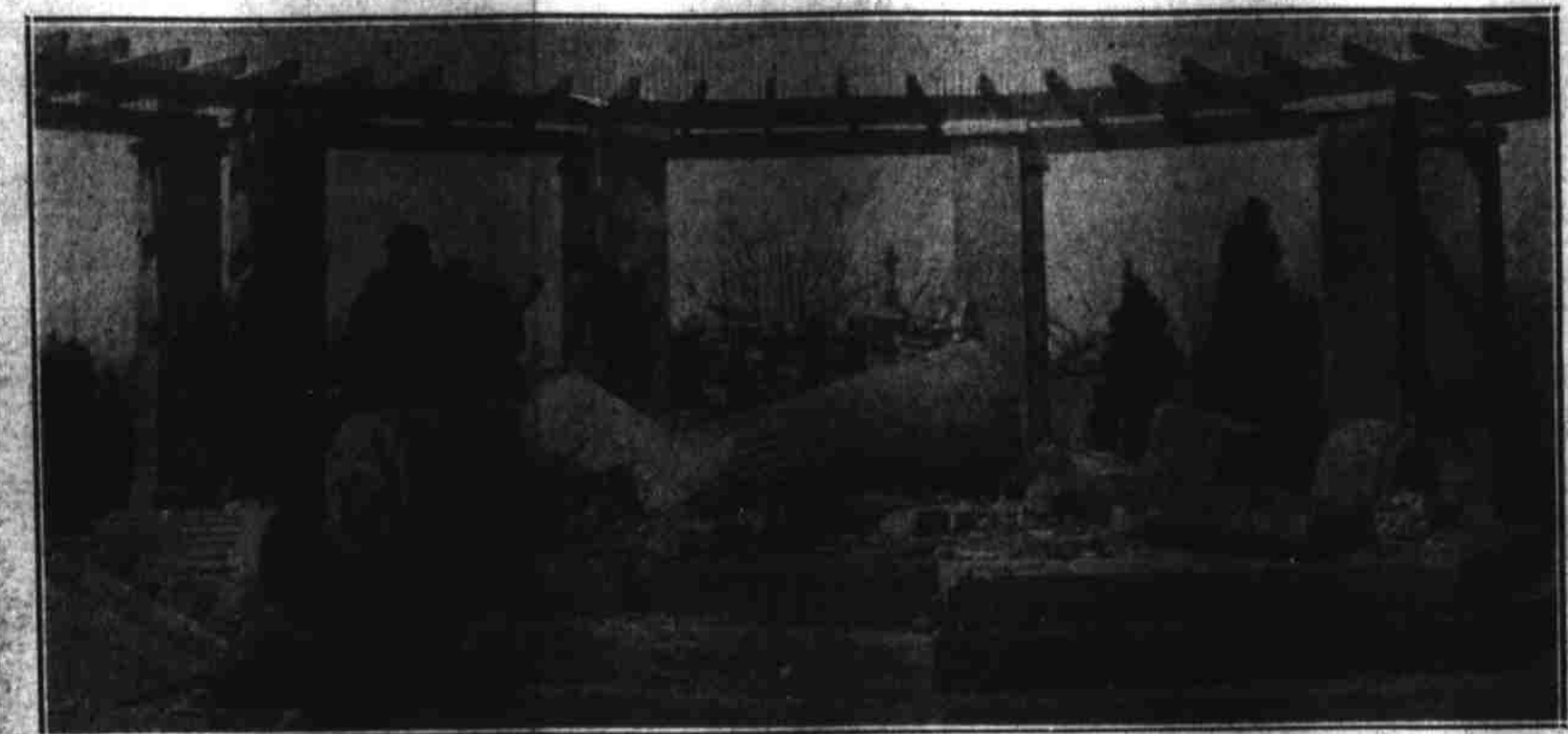
Demands Are Urgent, Says Commission Head

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 6—Ten thousand air pilots, and two planes for each pilot, must be furnished by the United States during the year 1917. This is the statement made last night by Chairman Ames of the commission which has been studying the war in France. The statement continues that this country must aid the Allies to the greatest possible extent, and that the most effective aid can be given in furnishing airplanes and pilots. Here is the point on which the Entente needs greatest support.

Provision for such a great fleet of aircraft as Chairman Ames declares necessary are embodied in the drafts of bills which have been sent to the house of representatives and which are expected to be introduced today.

BUT few acts of vandalism can be laid to the door of the French and British troops in France and Flanders, but the picture below shows an act of retribution that had ample justification. When the French entered Chauny they found a handsome monument constructed by the Germans in memory of the Teuton dead, while the graves of the poilus had been opened and robbed of the bodies. They broke bounds and dynamited the German monument. The debris left by the explosion is shown below.



CONTROL OF EXPORTS BLOCKS GERMANY

Plans Are Ready and Neutral Nations Will Suffer Little Hardship

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 6—Control of exports under the new and drastic law, and which will be put into effect next week, have been carefully prepared so as to effectively blockade Germany and at the same time to cause no damage to any neutral nations which maintain their neutrality through not re-exporting the goods and supplies obtained from the United States. The last details of these plans were completed yesterday, and now all is in readiness to put them into operation.

As soon as the first proclamation is issued, the Export Control Law will be immediately and automatically in operation. That proclamation will be for the controlling of certain commodities, but will not affect all. Others will be covered by separate proclamations following one upon another. It is expected that the first statement will contain a complete and detailed statement, and that coal and fuel oil will be among the first commodities taken under control as to exportation or for the use of neutral vessels calling at American ports. Meanwhile, neutral nations are awaiting the proclamation and those that are to follow with undiminished anxiety. While they have the assurance that commerce and trade will be interfered with as little as may be found possible, the powers under the law are so sweeping that neutral nations might easily suffer great hardship if they were exercised with severity.

JUDGE BLEDSOE IS NOT TO HEAR CASE

Honolulu Oil Company Wins Contention On Disqualification

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6—Judge Benjamin F. Bledsoe of the United States district court was disqualified yesterday from presiding in the trial of the department of justice suit against the Honolulu Consolidated Oil Company for the recovery of lands which the government claims under the Taffs withdrawal orders.

The decision barring Judge Bledsoe from presiding in the case was rendered by the circuit court of appeals.

Soon after the government suit was assigned to Judge Bledsoe's court the company attacked his jurisdiction on the ground that he held stock in other oil companies that were competitors of Honolulu Oil.

JAPAN IS URGED TO BUILD SUBMARINES

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

TOKIO, July 6—Japan's most influential newspaper, the Jiji, urges the government to build a large number of submarines for the defense of Japan's extended coast line, conjointly with battleships, cruisers and other kinds of warships. At the same time the newspaper advises the government to keep the number of its submarines secret.

Russia Adheres To Treaty Pledges Is Assurance Given

New Ambassador To Washington Tells President the New Republic Will Adhere To All Pledges Given Before and Since War

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 6—Standfast adherence to treaty pledges already given, is the firm purpose of new Russia. This was the assurance firmly conveyed to President Wilson yesterday by the new ambassador to the United States of new Russia, Boris Bakmeuff, on the occasion of formally presenting his credentials.

Russia, the new ambassador said, purposes to maintain all the engagements entered into and all the obligations undertaken in the time of the old regime, only defining more explicitly the ultimate desires of the nation, now possible to express for the first time.

In return, President Wilson expressed his entire confidence and that of his administration in the new Russian government and its intentions.

Ambassador Bakmeuff then went on to develop the general policy which must motivate any peace that will have Russia's acceptance. The basic foreign policy of the Russian Republic, he said, is the same as that on which was founded the American Republic—namely, that just government can derive only from the consent of the governed. With this policy in mind, Russia could consent to nothing less than complete independence for Poland and all other nations either now occupied by the armies of the Central Powers or held by them in subjection.

SEA SNEAK VICTIMS ARE FEW IN NUMBER

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

ROME, July 6—Out of more than a thousand sailing in and out of Italian ports during the week ending July 1, only thirteen successful attacks upon Italian shipping by enemy submarines have been reported. Of these, only one vessel attacked and sunk was a steamer. The other twelve were made up of eight sailing vessels and four fishing boats.

During the week five hundred and forty vessels cleared from Italian ports and six hundred and ten arrived.

NEW YORK STATE SHORT ON ITS SOLDIER QUOTA

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 6—Ranks of the regular army are being rapidly filled with the required quota of men, according to a statement issued from the war department last night. In some States, however, the quota is still far short of the number set by the department. New York is one of these, with more than 47,000 men short of its quota, while California, on the other side of the continent from the war zone, is the twelfth State to fill its lists.

Saloons Are Blamed For Rioting In East Saint Louis

Senator Thomas Says Agitators and Men Inflamed With Liquor Caused Trouble—Chamber of Commerce Urges Blacks To Return

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 6—One-tenth of the population of this country is made up of persons of negro blood, and loyalty of this portion of our population, in the present crisis, is essential to our success, said Senator Thomas yesterday, in the course of his speech on the Food Control Bill, before the senate for debate. The Colorado senator referred to the recent race riots in East St. Louis, where there exists an admitted labor shortage. The whites of that city refused to permit negroes from the south to be brought in to supply the deficiency in labor caused by the call of many white men for war employment or into the army.

Senator Sherman, referring to the race riots in Illinois, blamed the disorders that had broken out in East St. Louis, costing many lives and resulting in large property damage, upon the saloons and upon the efforts of the agitators of the Industrial Workers of the World.

Reports from East St. Louis yesterday announced that work had been resumed in a number of the industrial plants of the city, although there was a general scarcity of labor. Hundreds of negroes have fled and the militiamen patrolling the streets are having no difficulty in maintaining order.

Resolutions were passed by the East St. Louis chamber of commerce urging the negroes who have fled to return to their homes. They promised them full and adequate protection of life and property.

The packing houses and the railroads need the negroes back on their old jobs, and if they do not speedily return a curtailment of business is unavoidable. The chamber of commerce last night also demanded immediate reorganization of the fire department and police department of East St. Louis and that the State begin proceedings and push the prosecution of all cases against the rioters and those who provoked the rioting.

ALIBI TO BE DEFENSE OF MRS. RENA MOONEY

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6—Counsel for Mrs. Rena Mooney opened her defense yesterday. In the opening address it was announced that the defense would undertake to prove an alibi and was prepared to produce evidence that the defendant was not present at the explosion nor immediately before, but was elsewhere and did not in any way participate in the bombing of the preparedness parade.

WANT REFORMS IN DENMARK

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

COPENHAGEN, July 6—The Socialist vice-president of the salon reischtag is demanding reforms. In a recent speech he declared that the salons are fighting for love of the fatherland, not for the king.

KAISER CONSIGNED TO HOTTER REGION

Mexican Governor Says W. Hohenzollern and His Government May Go To Hades

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

EL PASO, July 6—"The Imperial Government and the Kaiser may go to hell," is the text of a message delivered to the German consul at Chihuahua yesterday, sent by General Francisco Gonzalez, the military governor, to whom a protest had been directed by the German consul over the arrest of a German subject.

The arrested man is the manager of one of the large German mercantile houses in Chihuahua, where there is a large German colony of influence. The firm had overcharged Gonzalez on some purchases and had refused to refund for the overcharge, whereupon the commander promptly arrested the manager. The attention of the German consul having been brought to the arrest, he demanded the release of the German subject, in the name of the Imperial Government and the German Kaiser.

Gonzalez promptly replied, with direct information as to where the Kaiser and his government might journey. Since the Mexican journal El Universal has come out as a strong pro-Ally campaign, the sentiment throughout Northern Mexico for a diplomatic break between Mexico and Germany, following the lead of the United States, has developed rapidly, despite the efforts against it by the Chihuahua Germans. The incident of the German arrest in Chihuahua is an indication of the anti-German feeling that is growing up.

FREEDOM PROMISED FINLAND AND POLAND

Russian Constitution Will Grant Autonomy To Provinces

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 6—That the new government of Russia intends to extend the freedom it has gained for Russia to the people of the Finnish provinces and of Poland was the declaration made yesterday by Commissioner Bakmeuff, one of the members of the Russian mission, in an interview given out to the press.

A wide degree of self-government for Finland and Poland is to be included in the provisions of the constitution to be adopted for the Russian Republic, according to the plans of the provisional government leaders, says Mr. Bakmeuff.

HALF MILLION GERMANS HAVE BEEN KILLED

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

PARIS, July 6—Half a million Germans have lost their lives since the great war from its beginning up to the first of March, according to careful computations made by French military authorities.

CHINA COUP SEEMS TO BE DESTINED TO BE A FAILURE

Washington Unofficially Expresses Belief That Efforts of Chang Hsun To Restore Boy Emperor Will Be Abortive

EMERGENCY REPUBLIC IS LATEST PROPOSAL

Northern Leaders Take Field and Reports Say That Republican Armies of North and South Are Headed For Peking

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 6—Belief that the attempted monarchical coup in China is destined to prove a failure was unofficially expressed in official circles last night and this belief was strengthened by the news of the day. United States Minister Reinch reported that several of the northern military leaders had taken the field in opposition to Chang Hsun, the newly named premier.

Reinch further reported that there is a proposal for the formation of an emergency republic to be centered at Nanking. This information especially interested official Washington and it was interpreted to mean the failure of the Chang movement.

Still further strength was added to the belief by dispatches from London on the Chinese situation. These stated that the Peking correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph had cabled that the northern and southern republican armies were advancing upon Peking and preparing to make a junction for a combined attack upon the city and the overthrow of the attempted monarchical regime.

Earlier reports from San Francisco, Tokio, Tien-Tsin and Shanghai were more contradictory. The advices from San Francisco were that Sun Yat Sen, first president of the Chinese republic, has been made commander of the republican navy of China, according to a cablegram to the Chinese Nationalists. This navy is made up of naval vessels whose officers and crews refuse to submit to the monarchy.

The anti-Manchu senators are meeting at Nanking to decide whether war will be carried on against Gen. Chang Hsun and the monarchical program. The southern army is already mobilized at Shanghai.

Tokio cabled that Minister of Foreign Affairs Motono, in a speech to the members of the imperial diet said that Japan views the restoration of the Manchus with anxiety since it concerns Japan's Chinese policies. He asked that Japan remain as a spectator of events in China, not as a participant.

The Tientsin despatch said a clash between armed forces of the rival factions, and the precipitation of civil war in the troubled country, are imminent.

The troops in Peking are in open opposition to Gen. Chang Hsun's dictatorship, which has been assumed under the guise of the monarchy with the boy emperor back on the throne. Troops in Chihli province are mobilizing and preparing to proceed to Peking.

Wang Shi Chen has been imprisoned and Prince Huihui and eight officials have been executed for opposition to the Manchus restoration.

Tuan Chi Jui, ex-premier, has eloquently denounced Gen. Chang Hsun for his overweening ambition, declaring that the general is also betraying the Manchus, who are his catspaw. He has called on the provinces to save China.

Shanghai reported that a military and naval conference held here passed resolutions calling for the transfer of the central republican government to Shanghai instead of setting up a new provisional government to oppose the monarchy. They have invited President Li Yuan Hung to come. The conference was held between Admirals Chanpiwan and Sun Changping, Gen. Mahung Lieh, Dr. Sun Yet Sen and Tang Shao Yi.